Ch. 5 Rational Equations and Functions

5.1 Inverse and Joint Variation

• Inverse: $y = \frac{a}{x}$ a is constant

• Joint: y = axy a is constant

5.2 - 5.3 Graphing Rational Functions

- Rational Function: $f(x) = \frac{p(x)}{q(x)}$
- Type 1:
- Hyperbola $y = \frac{1}{x}$
- HA: x-axis; y = 0
- VA: y-axis; x = 0
 D: All real except 0
 R: All real except 0

• Type 2:

• Shifts: $y = \frac{a}{x-h} + k$ VA: denominator, x = h (Domain) HA: y = k (Range)

Intercepts:

- X-intercept: set y = 0 solve for x
- Y-intercept: set x = 0 solve for y

- Type 3: • $y = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$
 - VA : Denominator x = HA: The Shift OR.... degree top < degree bottom y = 0 degree top = degree bottom y = $\frac{a}{c}$ degree top > degree bottom y = none

5.4 Multiplying and Dividing Rational Expressions

- Simplify: Factor, cancel factors
- Multiply: Factor, cross cancel factors
- Divide: multiply by reciprocal

5.5 Addition, Subtraction, and Complex Fractions

- Find a common denominator: factor first
- denominator must have all factors
- Simplify Answers
- **Complex**: combine top and bottom first
 - Then multiply by reciprocal
 - OR... Multiply numerator and denominator by LCD

5.6 Solving Rational Equations

- To solve: Multiply by LCD to eliminate fractions, then solve
- If a simple equation, cross multiply
- Check solutions

5.7 Analyze Graphs

- Use Graphs: increasing, decreasing, relative max and relative min.
- Determine Rate of change through each point:

$$-\frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1}$$

• Even and Odd Functions:

- Even:
$$f(-x) = f(x)$$

- Odd: $f(-x) = -f(x)$