## Ch. 5 Rational Equations and Functions

### 5.1 Inverse and Joint Variation

- Inverse: $\mathrm{y}=\frac{a}{x}$ a is constant
- Joint: y = axy a is constant


## 5.2-5.3 Graphing Rational Functions

- Rational Function: $f(x)=\frac{p(x)}{q(x)}$
- Type 1:
- Hyperbola $y=\frac{1}{x}$
- HA: x-axis; y=0

VA: $y$-axis; $x=0$
D: All real except 0
R: All real except 0

- Type 2:
- Shifts: $y=\frac{a}{x-h}+k$

VA: denominator, $x=h$ (Domain)
HA: $y=k \quad$ (Range)

Intercepts:
$X$-intercept: set $y=0$ solve for $x$
$Y$-intercept: set $x=0$ solve for $y$

- Type 3:
- $\mathrm{y}=\frac{a x+b}{c x+d}$

VA: Denominator $x=$ HA: The Shift OR....
degree top < degree bottom $\mathrm{y}=0$ degree top $=$ degree bottom $\mathrm{y}=\frac{a}{c}$ degree top $>$ degree bottom $y=$ none

### 5.4 Multiplying and Dividing Rational Expressions

- Simplify: Factor, cancel factors
- Multiply: Factor, cross cancel factors
- Divide: multiply by reciprocal


### 5.5 Addition, Subtraction, and Complex Fractions

- Find a common denominator: factor first
- denominator must have all factors
- Simplify Answers
- Complex: combine top and bottom first
- Then multiply by reciprocal
- OR... Multiply numerator and denominator by LCD


### 5.6 Solving Rational Equations

- To solve: Multiply by LCD to eliminate fractions, then solve
- If a simple equation, cross multiply
- Check solutions


### 5.7 Analyze Graphs

- Use Graphs: increasing, decreasing, relative max and relative min.
- Determine Rate of change through each point:
$-\frac{f\left(x_{2}\right)-f\left(x_{1}\right)}{x_{2}-x_{1}}$
- Even and Odd Functions:
- Even: $f(-x)=f(x)$
- Odd: $f(-x)=-f(x)$

